ANNOTATION

dissertation work of Elvira Izbassarova on the topic “Language personality of Shokan Yalikhanov”, submitted for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy (PhD) on the specialty“6D021300 - Linguistics”.

The relevance of research. At present, the paradigm shifts in the science of language, namely its appeal to the “human factor”, has contributed to a cardinal revision of scientists' views. Linguists have recognized not only the importance of studying linguistic structure, but also the need for a comprehensive consideration of the problem of “homo loquens” (speaking person). The general linguistic problem of personality, i.e. the ability of a person to carry out speech activity, as it is known, became the object of integral study within the framework of new, dynamically developing fields of linguistics. At the present stage of development of anthropocentric direction in linguistics, significant successes have been achieved. In particular, the portrait of collective linguistic personalities has been defined considering such parameters as age, profession, social role, nationality and others.

In this connection, it should be noted the high efficiency of the studies devoted to the problem of linguistic personality, in which the individual style, structure and levels of a particular person as a linguistic personality are considered. The importance of such studies is especially increased in cases when the object of analysis is a person who has made a significant contribution to the development of the nation, to its culture, science and education. As a rule, such individuals are characterized by a creative, scientific, conscious and purposeful attitude to language and represent national elite linguistic personalities.

The great scientist who founded Kazakh science, one of the first representatives of democratic, enlightenment culture, born on the Kazakh land in the second half of the XIX century, orientalist, historian, folklorist, ethnographer, geographer, enlightener Shokan Shingisovich Yalikhanov (real name Muhammed Kanafia, born in 1835 in Kushmurun station of Sarykol district of Kostanay region) belongs to such elite linguistic personalities.

The study of Shokan Yalikhanov's scientific heritage in the linguistic aspect, firstly, allows to reveal the peculiarities of his linguistic personality, secondly, to determine the individual style reflected in the scientific texts created by him, as well as to establish the general features of linguistic behaviour inherent in the Kazakh advanced intelligentsia of that time, and, thirdly, to develop criteria concerning the study of idiostyles of other elite linguistic personalities.

Even though many works have been devoted to the studies of Shokan Yalikhanov in the field of history, geography, ethnography, philosophy and other disciplines, his spiritual heritage has not been the subject of special study

from a purely linguistic point of view. It is this circumstance that determines the relevance of the present study.

The relevance of the work is also conditioned by the importance of studying the phenomenon of linguistic personality of a scientist as a special type of personality. In this context, it is important to study the text corpus of the outstanding national scholar Sh. Yalikhanov, which includes heterogeneous speech material of different levels of the Kazakh language system, as well as samples of Kazakh texts and works of folk oral literature, which made an invaluable contribution to the development of the modern Kazakh literary language. The works of the scientist, devoted to the issues of history and language, open the way to new directions in the field of philological research.

Another important factor confirming the relevance of this study is the analysis of Sh. Yalikhanov's linguistic personality, his discursive activity and scientific heritage. The basis for choosing Sh. Yalikhanov's retrospective linguistic personality for linguistic study is determined by the multifaceted and comprehensive written heritage, which has not been previously considered from the linguistic point of view, as well as by the authority of the historical linguistic personality, which has special and little-studied features: socio-professional syncretism (scientist, publicist, linguist, linguist, linguist, and linguist).

The object of the researchis the structure of linguistic personality, which carries out linguistic creative activity and has a high potential for creating written works.

The subject of the researchis verbal, cognitive and motivational-pragmatic aspects of Sh. Yalikhanov's linguistic personality representation.

The aim of the research is to analyse Sh. Yalikhanov's scientific heritage, to define his individual style, and to reconstruct some specific features and characteristics of the structure of the scientist's linguistic personality. To achieve the above goal, the following tasks were set in the study:

– to determine the historical, public, political and social conditions and preconditions that contributed to the formation of Sh. Yalikhanov's linguistic personality;

– to identify the extra-linguistic components of his discursive experience and directions of socio-verbal activity through the analysis of cognitive and stylistic stable features of linguistic personality;

– to describe the scientific foundations of linguistic research developed by the scientist;

– analyse the genre types used by Sh. Yalikhanov, peculiarities of the use of non-verbal components, as well as the correspondence of elements of written and oral speech;

– determine the language techniques used by the scientist in the texts (borrowed vocabulary, paremiologically units, precedent phenomena, structures of religious content, etc.).

Methods and techniques used in the dissertation research. To analyse the linguistic personality, discourse and text during the study, the methods of solid sampling, differentiation and interpretation of linguistic material were used. The descriptive method was used to determine the multilevel characterization of the scholar's linguistic personality. The method of component and conceptual analysis of linguistic units was used to identify semantic features of Sh. Yalikhanov's lexicon and to reveal the content of lexical means. The taxonomic method, which allows to classify linguistic data, was also involved along with other research methods.

The methodological basis of the research was formed by the works of such national scholarscientist as R. Syzdyk, J. Mankeeva, Z.K. Akhmetzhanova, B.K. Momynova, G.B. Madiyeva N.I. Gaynullina, K. Yessenova, J.B. Satkenova, Z.A. Mukanova, T.E. Pshenina, F.B. Kozhakhmetova, J.B. Yermekova, A.B. Zhuminova, S.S. Niyatova, Z.A. Abdullina, E. Ospanov; research of Russian scientists: Y.N. Karaulov, V.V. Krasnykh, V.I. Karasik, G.V. Kochetkov, O.N. Maltseva, O.V. Sirotinina, V.Y. Parsamov, M.S. Silantiyev, E.A. Alekseev, G.G. Slyshkin, E.V. Ivantsova, T.A. Chebotnikova, A.V. Puzyrev, S.G. Vorkachev, Y.E. Arekeev, M.A. Shardanov, as well as the works of foreign scientists such as T. van Dyck, C. Levi-Strauss, C. Lorenz, J. Kelly, A. Maslow, L. Festinger, O.S. Issers and others.

Theoretical significance of the research work. The results of the analysis contribute to a certain extent to the further development of linguoculturology, discourse studies and cognitive science, deepening the scientific understanding of linguistic personality as a universally functional category. The multifaceted anthropocentric research aimed at developing the concept of reconstruction of historical linguistic personality is important for the development of communication theory and discourse science. The identification of the peculiarities of the mental-linguistic space of Sh. Yalikhanov's linguistic personality contributes to the deepening of the linguocognitive theory of linguistic personality. The peculiarities of discursive behaviour of Sh. Yalikhanov's linguistic personality analysed during the research allow us to trace the formation and development of the national ideal, which, in turn, contributes to the development of the anthropocentric paradigm of linguistic science.

The paper provides a comprehensive cognitive-discursive and communicative-pragmatic analysis of Sh. Yalikhanov's linguistic personality and discourses, which can serve as a basis for improving the theory of linguistic personality, linguacultural and discourse studies. The study of Sh. Yalikhanov's linguistic personality expands the ideas about linguistic and discursive means of reflecting the mental space of the linguistic personality as a whole and contributes to the further development of the cognitive-pragmatic direction - one of the actual directions in the study of linguistic personality. The theoretical

value of the study is determined by the identification and substantiation of criteria for analysing linguistic personality, as well as by the identification of factors influencing its formation and development.

Practical significance of the research work. The results of the research contribute to the development of the practice of describing and modelling the structure of linguistic personality on the basis of discursive activity and publications of Sh. Yalikhanov and can be used in various fields of philology, including discourse studies. The proposed methods and approaches have practical value for the reconstruction of historical linguistic personality, linguocognitive modelling, cognitive poetics and stylistics, and can also be applied in research works on semantics and other areas.

Scientific novelty of the research:

– the dissertation presents a linguistic development of the reconstruction of linguistic personality on the basis of the analysis of interdisciplinary scientific heritage of Sh. Yalikhanov, the linguistic personality of the great Kazakh scientist was introduced into scientific turnover;

– on the basis of the corpus of materials of discursive practices and texts of Sh. Yalikhanov the characteristic of the category of linguistic personality was developed, its functional significance was analysed;

– the methodology of the analysis of linguistic personality was proposed, to which the linguistic personality of Sh. Yalikhanov was introduced. Therefore, the study of Sh. Yalikhanov's linguistic personality and the introduction of its results into the scientific turnover is extremely necessary.

Provisions for defence:

– the formation of Sh. Yalikhanov's linguistic personality was conditioned by the influence of speech experience in childhood, the favourable influence of the socio-cultural environment in which he grew up, close interaction with representatives of the Russian and Kazakh intellectual elite, as well as the development of scientific reflection and interest in semiotics.

– the phenomenon of scientific creativity of Sh. Yalikhanov represents an elite professional linguistic personality with a pronounced idiostyle, which is characterised by the completeness and complexity of thesaurus, intertextuality, attention to the recipient and precedence of speech structures.

– Sh. Yalikhanov's linguistic personality represents a universal and elite type of scientist capable of using the word intelligently, effectively and efficiently. His distinctive feature is meta-linguistic reflection, manifested in the analysis of etymology, semantics of Turkic and Kazakh words and other elements.

– national-cultural context is the main factor in the formation of Sh. Yalikhanov's discourse. The concept ‘Kazakh’, embedded in the cognitive structure of his linguistic personality, is verbalised as an axiological core reflecting the influence of the socio-cultural environment and the scientist's worldview position.

– one of the main principles of Sh. Yalikhanov's scientific style is the creation of the effect of ‘external view’, carried out by introducing foreign language vocabulary, precedent texts, religious sources, as well as historical and cultural materials.

Sources and material of the research. As the material of the research, we took the texts of Sh. Yalikhanov's works: Shokan Yalikhanov. Multivolume collection of works. Volume I. 2nd edition-Almaty: ‘Tolagai Group’, 2010. - 376 p.; Yalikhanov Sh.Sh. Multivolume collection of works / Shokan Yalikhanov. 2nd ed. - Almaty: ‘Tolagai Group’. 2010. T. 2. - 464 p.; Yalikhanov Sh.Sh. Multivolume collection of works / Shokan Yalikhanov. 2nd ed. - Almaty: ‘Tolagai Group’, 2010. Vol. 3. - 242 p.; Yalikhanov Sh.Sh. Multivolume collection of works / Shokan Yalikhanov. 2nd ed. - Almaty: ‘Tolagai Group’. 2010. T. 4. - 496 p., as well as in the work as a material of the study widely used ‘Personal archive of Sh. Yalikhanov's heritage’ of academician Sh.Sh. Sarybayev.

Information on publications. The main results of the study were published in the form of 12 scientific articles in foreign and scholarlyjournals. Of them 5 articles were published in the journals included in the list of the Committee for Quality Assurance of Science and Higher Education of the Ministry of Science and Higher Education of the Republic of Kazakhstan, 1 article in the journal indexed in Scopus database, and 6 articles - in the collections of international scientific and theoretical conferences.

Structure of the research. The dissertation work consists of an introduction, three sections, conclusion, list of used literature.